SAFETY DATA SHEET

GC01903

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: Geocel® Asphalt Primer Black
Product code	: GC01903
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Aerosol.
Relevant identified uses of t	ne substance or mixture and uses advised against
Not applicable.	
Manufacturer	: Geocel Products Group A Business Unit of the Sherwin-Williams Company 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, Ohio 44115
Emergency telephone number of the company	: (216) 566-2917
Product Information Telephone Number	: (800) 348-7615
Regulatory Information Telephone Number	: (216) 566-2902
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: (800) 424-9300

Section 2. Hazards identification

R	
OSHA/HCS status	 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 62.7%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	 Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Suspected of causing cancer. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Storage	: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

М	ixture	
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Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	39.9	64742-88-7
Asphalt (Petroleum)	22.58	8052-42-4
Propane	15.3	74-98-6
Butane	14.7	106-97-8
Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	7.52	64741-41-9

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health eff	ects
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
<u>Over-exposure signs/syr</u>	nptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting
Indication of immediate m	edical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 7/6/2016 Date of previous issue : 6/15/2016 Version : 3.01 3/13

Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

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: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures		
Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.	

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

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For non-emergency personnel		No action shall be taken involving Evacuate surrounding areas. Kee entering. In the case of aerosols escape of the pressurized content ruptured, treat as a bulk material s section. Do not touch or walk thro flares, smoking or flames in hazar adequate ventilation. Wear appro- on appropriate personal protective	p unnecessary and unprote being ruptured, care should s and propellant. If a large spillage according to the ins ugh spilled material. Shut d area. Avoid breathing va priate respirator when venti- e equipment.	ected perso be taken of number of tructions ir off all igniti por or mist lation is in	onnel from due to the r containers the clean- on sources Provide adequate.	are -up s. No Put
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required t Section 8 on suitable and unsuital emergency personnel".	• •		•	
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and sewers. Inform the relevant a pollution (sewers, waterways, soil	uthorities if the product has			
Methods and materials for co	<u>ont</u> a	ainment and cleaning up				
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move co explosion-proof equipment. Dilute or if water-insoluble, absorb with a disposal container. Dispose of via	with water and mop up if w n inert dry material and pla	vater-solub ce in an ap	ole. Alterna propriate v	itively,
Date of issue/Date of revision		: 7/6/2016 Date of previous issue	: 6/15/2016	Version	: 3.01	4/13

Section 6. Accidental release measures

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: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	l
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name			Exposure limits			
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Solvent		•	ted States, 2/2013).		
			TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 400 mg/r			
Asphalt (Petroleum)				iited States, 10/2013).		
				15 minutes. Form: Fume		
				ited States, 3/2015).		
				n ³ , (as benzene soluble		
			aerosol) 8 hours	. Form: Inhalable fraction		
Propane			NIOSH REL (Un	nited States, 10/2013).		
			TWA: 1000 ppr			
			TWA: 1800 mg			
			TWA: 1000 ppr	ted States, 2/2013).		
			TWA: 1000 pp			
Butane			•	nited States, 10/2013).		
Batano			TWA: 800 ppm	· · ·		
			TWA: 1900 mg			
				ited States, 3/2015).		
			STEL: 1000 pp	m 15 minutes.		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 7/6/2016	Date of previous issue	: 6/15/2016	Version : 3.01	5/13	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Heavy Petroleum Naphtha

None.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1590 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Propane	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2015). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.
Butane	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2015). TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	<u>S</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 7/6/2016 Date of pro	revious issue : 6/15/2016 Version : 3.01 6/13
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 7/6/2016 Date of previous issue : 6/15/2016 Version : 3.01 7/1					
Type of aerosol	: Spray					
Aerosol product						
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.					
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm²/s (<20.5 cSt)					
Decomposition temperature	Not available.					
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.					
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.					
Solubility	: Not available.					
Relative density	: 0.71					
Vapor density	: 1.55 [Air = 1]					
Vapor pressure	: 13.5 kPa (101.325 mm Hg) [at 20°C]					
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 0.8% Upper: 9.5%					
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.					
Evaporation rate	: 0.13 (butyl acetate = 1)					
Flash point	: Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]					
Boiling point	: Not available.					
Melting point	: Not available.					
рН	: Not available.					
Odor threshold	: Not available.					
Odor	: Not available.					
Color	: Black.					
Physical state	: Liquid.					

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Heat of combustion

: 37.95 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Asphalt (Petroleum)	LD50 Oral		>5000 mg/kg	-
Butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor		658000 mg/m³	4 hours

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Asphalt (Petroleum)	-	2B	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Propane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Butane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Propane	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Butane	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard				
Name	Result			
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent Propane Butane Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1			

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute healt	<u>h effects</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Symptoms related to	the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Laborate Chain	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
Inhalation	respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Date of issue/Date of revision

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting

Delayed and immediate ef	fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health e	ffects
Not available.	
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	-	10 to 2500	high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (K_{oc})

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2. 13-2.17 (Class 2).	-	-	<u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules (EmS)</u> F-D, S-U
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	126	126	126		
Special precaution	consid mode suitab prior t respon unload substa	der container sizes. T of transport (sea, air ly for that mode of tra o shipment, and com nsibility of the person ding dangerous good ances and on all actio	he presence of a sl , etc.), does not ind ansport. All packagi pliance with the app offering the product s must be trained o	nipping description icate that the produ- ng must be review blicable regulations at for transport. Peo n all of the risks de	uct is packaged ed for suitability s is the sole ople loading and
to Annex II of MAR the IBC Code		παυτς .			
		shipping name	: Not available.		
	Ship ty	pe	: Not available.		

Pollution category	: Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 7/6/2016	Date of previous issue	: 6/15/2016	Version : 3.01	11/13
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Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

California Prop. 65

Not applicable.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification

Justification

FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1			On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method	
<u>History</u>				
Date of printing	:	7/6/2016		
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	7/6/2016		
Date of previous issue	1	6/15/2016		
Version	:	3.01		
Key to abbreviations	:	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations 		

Notice to reader

Section 16. Other information

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

ue : 6/15/2016